

Vol. 2, No. 15

SEPTEMBER 8, 1961

watchers

OVER THE CITY

The City is big and the City is restless, constantly on the move, day in and day out. Who has any idea of what takes place in its off-streets and by-ways; the worlds within worlds, wheels around wheels, that circle in the shadows? Certainly the ordinary citizen doesn't know. Who really knows what goes on in the core of Chicago—other than the policeman on the street?

Only the policeman is conscious of the two worlds that exist, side by side, in the Big City. Somewhere in the the city, wheels are turning in a jungle world of crime and criminality, of vice and larceny, bodily assault and murder, brushing against the rest of the city. And, in another world entirely, there lives Joe Chicago, the city's law-abiding citizen, whose life is only rarely touched by the world of crime.

This is the man who struggles out of bed in the morning, eats his breakfast and kisses his wife, goes off to work and comes back again, eats his dinner, plays with the kids and watches television, and goes to bed. He's the guy who pays his taxes and tells his police force: "Look, you work for me. I want you to protect me and my kids. I want to know that I can walk down the street, drive my car, leave my house and go about my business in safety, without trouble or worry or fear. Will you do that?"

And Bill Police, who knows what kind of job he is being asked to do, says: "Sure, Joe. I'll do my best. Don't you worry." And he takes the worry from Joe's shoulders — and Joe goes on his way, without knowing what he is asking when he asks to be protected in the Big City.

Let's take a 24-hour stretch of one day last month. Let's compare the routine of Joe Chicago's day, with a sample of some real case reports that were written in one district on that day. Let's compare the worlds, hour for hour, that Joe Chicago sees — and that Bill Police sees.

6:45 A.M. JOE CHICAGO'S ALARM GOES OFF. HE STRUGGLES OUT OF BED, AND GOES INTO THE BATHROOM FOR A SHOWER AND SHAVE. (0645 hours. Hospitalization Case Report: Death, Accidental. Sent by CC to apartment building, bathroom on 3rd floor. Found victim lying in bathtub submerged in water. Also in bathtub was electric fan, still connected to socket above medicine cabinet. Examined and pronounced dead by doctor . . .)

hiona

EDITOR'S MAILBAG



(The **Newsletter's** pictures have been the subject of some mail comment. Here are three such letters:)

Gentlemen:

Normally, I don't write letters, but this time I just had to do something. The cover picture on this week's **Newsletter** (Ed.: the one on the Inspection Division) has a very grave and possibly costly error. The patrolmen on either end of the line have their fingers in or near the trigger guard. The men in between are holding their revolvers properly. If the Inspector had checked the men before the picture was snapped, I wouldn't be writing this letter.

> Officer Donald R. Burch Drill Instructor, Star #1797 Training Division

(Ed.: Absolutely correct. The Uniform Drill Manual, Chicago Police Department, reads: "At the command 'Inspection', grasp the stock, placing the thumb and fingers around the butt, and loosen the revolver in the holster. At the command, 'Revolvers', draw revolver . . . etc." This procedure differs from that of the U.S. Army Drill Manual in which the forefinger rests on the trigger guard. The Army instructions, however, deal with an automatic pistol which is rendered safe by the removal of the magazine. With a loaded revolver, the forefinger in such a position can pose a very dangerous situation.



The Newsletter is the only official publication of the Chicago Police Department. It is published every two weeks, and mailed without charge to all active and retired members of the department, civilian employees, and other persons and departments concerned with law enforcement. No one is authorized to solicit or accept payment for advertising or subscriptions for this publication.

Address all communications to: Public Information Division, Chicago Police Department, Room 400, 1121 S. State Street, Chicago 5, Ill.

Copyrighted 1961. No part of this publication may be reproduced in whole or in part without written permission from the editor.

Police Board:

Franklin M. Kreml, President Paul W. Goodrich Theophilus Mann William McFetridge Morgan F. Murphy Fred K. Hoehler, Secretary

O. W. Wilson, Superintendent

The picture should never have been used in the **Newsletter**. The Inspector had **not** inspected the men beforehand. The **Tribune** photographer had set up the situation for a shot to be used in the department's Annual Report. When the picture came out, the error was seen immediately, and the following picture was used in the Report instead:



The faulty picture should have been destroyed. Thanks for pointing out this glaring error.)

Dear Sirs:

In viewing your last issue of the Police newspaper (Ed.: The Inspection Division issue again), the I.I.D. group was inspecting a trunk of a police car. Will you please tell me why it takes four (4) strong men to inspect one trunk. To me and many who saw the article, it's a waste of valuable manpower...

Mrs.....(signature)

(Ed.: Two very important points of correction. 1) This is **not** the I.I.D. but the Inspection Division. The difference is quite important. See. Vol. 2, #9 of the Newsletter for an article on the I.I.D. 2) If you look at the picture carefully, you will see that 3-of the 4 men are not Inspectors, but are district men (as indicated by their blouse patches.) 3) The inspection was made at a time when the men were supposed to be at the station house.

(**Ed.:** A contribution from Ptlmn. Ed Peloza, about the men on summer beach patrol:) Dear Sirs:

In looking at the picture in the **News**letter about the Youth Division, I'm wondering why the kids on the front cover, apparently trying to get out of the "hot" car, **both** are getting out on the driver's side in front of the squad car...

(Signature)

(**Ed.:** This time we're on surer ground. This picture, a still taken from a movie on juvenile car-stealing, shows only two boys. Actually there were three in the car. The other boy leaped out on the right side — the two pictured had no alternative but to try to get out on the left.)

(**Ed.:** A complimentary letter — for a change:)

Many thanks for your sending the officers and directors of our association all the issues of the **Newsletter**. Each one of them has at one time or other asked me to convey their thanks . . .

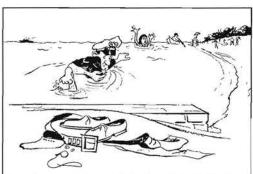
Stephen D. Simpson, Pres.

Retired Chicago Policemen's Assn. (end)

Here's a cartoon from our police artist, Officer Al Valanis:



"I SAID-BRING A COUPLE OF GATS"



Ouch! This badge is killing me! gitized by ChicagoCop.com

The Police Story Behind the News



Gypsy Racket Exposed

"A gypsy fortune telling den made its appearance at 269 N. Crawford last week . . . (in) violation of the city code . . . "

The Garfieldian, July 12, 1961

The citizens in the Fillmore district were becoming more and more aware of the open flaunting of the law by the gypsy fortune tellers in their midst. A regular traffic in the giving of readings had sprung up, and many people were being bilked by these charlatans.

In the early part of July, the Garfieldian, the neighborhood newspaper, passed on to the police an anonymous tip received by phone, which gave information about gypsies operating from a specific address. The commander of the 25th District asked that policewomen be assigned to investigate; and Officers Edythe Jordan and Emma Adamson were assigned to the case.

On 13 July 61, dressed in plainclothes and posing as a housewife, Officer Jordan entered the storefront at 269 N. Pulaski. She carried \$2 in marked bills in her purse. The room she entered, although seemingly a living quarters, had a curtained section on the side, later identified as the area where the reading "business" was transacted. In the room was a young woman, an old woman, and a baby.

While the older woman took care of the baby, the younger woman, later identified as Mrs. Laura Brown, turned her attention to Officer Jordan. After a few minutes of conversation, the officer was asked if she wanted a reading. The

gypsy said the price was \$5, but settled for \$2 when Mrs. Jordan said that that was all she had.

Laura Brown had Mrs. Jordan hold the money while she read her future. As the reading was going on, Policewoman Emma Adamson, also in plainclothes, entered the shop and inquired about a reading. While awaiting her "turn," she witnessed the transaction that took place. As soon as Mrs. Brown took the money from Mrs. Jordan, the latter stood up, identified herself, and put the woman under arrest.

Laura Brown's court case came up on 28 July. Pleading ignorance and hardship, she was released with a fine of \$25 and costs, suspended, upon her assurance that she was leaving the city in a few days.

While this investigation was going on by the police, the neighborhood newspaper, unaware of the police action, began an investigation of its own. On 12 July, it started a series of stories on this illegal activity. Of course, as soon as the publicity came out, all "reading" operations stopped.

Officers Adamson and Jordan, trying to follow through on additional leads, found all the "businesses" closed. Despite diligent searching, they were unable to locate any other fortune tellers, save one.

gitized by

On 24 July, as they were walking down the 3300 block on Roosevelt Road, looking for signs of reading activity, they were hailed from a doorway by a woman who seemed to know what they were looking for. This woman, later identified as Ruby Ristick, offered to give them both readings, at a cutrate of two for \$5. Subsequently, as soon as she told their fortunes and took their money, she was also arrested.

The case of Ruby Ristick came up to court three times. Twice she did not appear, and the case was continued. On 15 August, when the case came up for the third time and she still made no appearance, her \$25 bond was declared forfeit, her bond increased to \$2000, and a warrant issued for her arrest.

Since the publicity temporarily stopped all activity, the officers were unable to make any further arrests. As Officer Jordan was told confidentially by one of the women: "the heat is on." After spending a few more days in fruitless surveillance, Officers Adamson and Jordan were taken off the detail and assigned to their duties. However, the police are now alerted to maintain a periodic surveillance to prevent the reoccurrence of these fraudulent operations. The diligent work of these officers in this special area provided an interesting "police story" behind the news.

(end) ChicagoCop.com

"... are hereby designated Chaplains to the Police Department"

On 11 November, 1960, Superintendent Wilson designated three clergymen as official chaplains to the Police Department: Father Patrick J. McPolin, C.M.F.; Reverend Robert A. Holderby II, and Rabbi Bernard D. Perlow. For the first time, the department had given official recognition to a need which has long been recognized in the police departments of most big cities in the country.

Each of the three clergymen designated have had previous experience working with policemen.

As director of the St. Jude League, an independent Catholic organization for law enforcement officers, Father Patrick McPolin has been ministering to the needs of Chicago policemen, primarily those of Roman Catholic faith, since 1943. Appointed to serve as one of the 3 official department chaplains, he has been available not only for the spiritual guidance of Catholic officers; but for counseling and for advice to policemen not only of the Catholic faith but of other faiths as well. He can be contacted at St. Jude's League, 221 W. Madison, CE 6-7783.

Before being appointed, Reverend Robert Holderby was asked by the Church Federation of Greater Chicago, to conduct an extensive survey of the department to find out if any sentiment existed in the department for the services of a Protestant chaplain. The two month survey, carried out in every district and division, brought forth so evident a response that the Church Federation appointed Reverend Holderby to fill the position of chaplain for the Protestant and Orthodox police officers. He may be contacted by calling Deputy Superintendent Conlisk's office (WA 2-4747, Ext. 206), and leaving a message there.

In September 1959, Rabbi Perlow was instrumental in the formation of the Chicago chapter of the Shomrim Society, a nationwide fraternal organization of Jewish policemen. Because of his work as their chaplain, Rabbi Perlow was appointed by the Chicago Board of Rabbis to also serve in an official capacity with the Police Department. Although limitations of time restrict his ministry at present to members of the Jewish faith, he also offers counseling to all members of the force. He may be reached at SHeridan 3-5592.

On the suggestion of the Superintendent, the three clergymen drew up a resumé of their interpretation of the functions of the chaplains. As published in Personnel Order 60-289, these are:

a. To enhance the spiritual welfare of the department and its individual members through religious service and counseling.

(please turn to page seven)

Digitized



(L. to R.) Reverend Holderby, Supt. Wilson, Rabbi Perlow, and Father McPolin

WATCHERS OVER THE CITY

(continued from page one)

7:30 A.M. JOE SITS DOWN TO BREAKFAST WITH WIFE AND KIDS. (0730 hours. **Missing Persons Report.** Sent by CC to house where the mother stated her daughter, 12 years old, left home about 1500 hours the day before and had not returned or called. As information was being taken, girl returned home. Had slept over at girlfriend's house. No police action requested.)



8:10 A.M. JOE GOES DOWN TO HIS CAR, DRIVES OFF TO WORK. (0810 hours. General Case Report: Larceny from Auto. Complainant came into district station to report that person(s) unknown broke into his car between 2400 and 0800 hours and stole brown suit, size 32, and two pr. pants, blue and gray, sizes 32, from back seat.)

9.15 A.M. MRS. JOE CHICAGO COL-LECTS THE FAMILY CLOTHES AND GOES DOWN INTO THE BASEMENT TO DO THE LAUNDRY. (0915 hours. **Burglary Case Report.** Sent by CC; complainant reported she left rear door open and went down to basement, leaving her purse containing \$11.75 U.S.C. on kitchen table. Upon her return, discovered purse's contents scattered over table. All contents accounted for except the money...)



12:30 P.M. MRS. JOE PUTS THE KIDS DOWN FOR THEIR NAPS, AND TAKES A LITTLE NAP HERSELF. (1230 hours. Hospitalization Case Report: Attempted Suicide. Sent by CC to apartment where victim turned on gas in an attempt to commit suicide; discovered by sister who called fire department. Victim taken into custody, transported to hospital for treatment by patrol car. Upon release, transported to Women's Lockup.)



3:20 P.M. MRS. CHICAGO STRAIGHT-ENS OUT THE CLOSETS, TAKING OUT THOSE SUITS OF HER HUSBANDS THAT NEED DRY CLEANING. (1520 hours. Burglary Case Report. Responded to call. Complainant stated that between the hours of 0830 and 1500, unknown person(s) gained entry into his apartment by forcing front door lock, and took away the following: 3 men's suits (two brown, one gray), value \$190; 6 T-shirts, value \$4: and 4 men's dress shirts, value \$28. A tan raincoat and crowbar were found in apartment. The coat contained in the pocket a welfare station appointment card with a name on it. Coat and crowbar inventoried; burglary detail notified.)

MEANWHILE, JOE CHICAGO, HAV-ING WORKED ALL DAY AT HIS PUNCH PRESS (OR DESK OR BEHIND THE COUNTER) IS ALL TIRED OUT.



5:50 P.M. HE GETS IN HIS CAR AND DRIVES HOME. (1750 hours. Traffic Accident Report. Type of accident: motor vehicle, another motor vehicle, injured motorists. Description of accident: Vehicle #1, bound west on st, collided with vehicle #2, bound north on Extent of injuries: Driver of Vehicle #1: Broken left arm, bleeding on head, chest, possible internal injuries. Driver of Vehicle #2: cuts and bruises, undetermined injuries. Both taken to hospital for emergency treatment ...)



7:30 P.M. JOE SITS DOWN AND WATCHES TELEVISION WHILE HIS WIFE TALKS ON THE PHONE TO HER SISTER. (1930 hours. General Case Report (unfounded): Simple Assault. Sent to hospital to interview woman brought in with swollen left eye, back and neck pains. Woman refuses to say anything except that she had a fight with her husband. Stated she had not called police, would not sign complaint, and wanted no police action. Reporting officer spoke to doctor who had examined victim and called police.)



3:00 A.M. SOME KIND OF DISTURB-ANCE IN THE STREET CAUSES JOE TO WAKE UP. HE LISTENS, CAN'T HEAR ANYTHING, SO GOES BACK TO SLEEP. (0300 hours. Crime Against the Person Case Report: Assault to Kill. Sent by C.C. to address given. Found complainant standing in hotel lobby, bleeding from lacerations on left side, back and neck. Stated he had had argument with unknown man (also on scene). Claimed man said victim was making passes at his wife. Unknown man arrested, identified as a Mr. Victim and assailant taken to hospital and admitted for emergency treatment. Both charged with assault with intent to kill, arrest slips #..... D.D.A. notified.)



5:00 A.M. HE SLEEPS SOUNDLY, UNAWARE THAT THE MORNING AP-PROACHES. (0500 hours. General Case Report: Petty Larceny. Patrol car sent to gas station. Complainant, gasoline attendant, stated that two unknown men, driving black 1956 Cadillac, entered service station and asked to have car filled with gas. Complainant filled up car with gasoline, value \$4.00, after which men in question fled north without paying. Description of car occupants as follows . . .)

Twenty-four quiet hours have passed in the life of Joe Chicago. It has been a quiet 24 hours for Bill Police too — no homicides, no rapes, no narcotic arrests in this district this day. Just the usual seamy side of life in the Big City — without the supplementary reports that show the clear-up of many of these crimes. Just the turning of the wheel in Chicago: not very dramatic and not very pretty.

Jigitized

What kind of a man is this Bill Police? He's not a very complicated man, but he's a man under pressures: because he is going to see human beings at their worst — and yet have to believe that, on the whole, people are really a lot better than what he sees. He's going to see cases of misery and degeneration that would wring the heart of a sensitive man — and yet he's going to have to take care not to become any more involved than his job asks him to. He will come across so much brutality and ugliness that it will seem almost commonplace — and yet he must never become callous to the suffering and inhumanity.

In short, after seeing more meanness of human behavior in a month than Joe Chicago will know in a whole lifetime, he must still believe that meanness is the exception, not the rule, in the lives of men.

To go through this, day after day, a policeman becomes a breed apart. This is why he likes to be with other policemen, why he finds it hard to be close to people who aren't policemen, why he ends up following in his father's footsteps on the force as his sons will follow him. He has seen things that Joe Chicago can't conceive of; and he has had experiences that Joe Chicago winces just hearing about. He guards Joe Chicago not only from being hurt by the world of the jungle, but also from even knowing the real force of that jungle.

And why does a policeman continue to do this work? Don't ask him—he'll never tell you. He's just doing his job, he'll say, and cut out all this crazy hoopla. Just give him a decent salary, time to be with his family, a decent pension for his retirement, and a bit of security to take care of his family should anything happen to him. For that, he'll patrol his beat, and take what comes.

The poets—and none of them will be policemen—can say that he helps the helpless, comforts the bereaved, retrieves the lost, recovers the stolen, picks up the fallen, holds back the hand of death for an instant. Bill Police just snorts and says he's just doing his job. He can never say why he serves on God's right hand.

The city moves along on its business, worlds within worlds; and the people in it, no better and no worse than all other people, move in the closed circles of their lives.

The law-abiding citizens move along on their business, without fear and without concern—because the Chicago Police, appointed to protect them and their own, stand guard, watching the City.

nicadocop.com

(end)



Det. Sgt. Smicklas and Dets. Walter McCarthy, Hugh McNulty, Frank Janousek, Edward Hein and Joseph Martin, of D.D.A. #1, Robbery Unit (pictured above, left to right. Det. Martin not in picture). The patient and thorough investigative work of these men, from 12 to 30 May, succeeded in the apprehension of a vicious gang of armed robbers and the clearing up of eighteen loan office robberies throughout the city. Sgt. Smicklas, after a study of the modus operandi of the robbers, set up a series of stake-outs of likely trouble spots. On May 30th, at 1130 hours, a man walked in and held up the loan company in whose rear room Dets. McNulty and Martin had been posted. When called upon to surrender, the man opened fire; and in the exchange of gunfire, was wounded and apprehended. Although admitting, under questioning, his participation in several earlier robberies, the robber refused to name his accomplices. Sgt. Smicklas then assigned Dets. Hein, Janousek and McCarthy to follow through on leads to find these accomplices. These detectives' efforts led to the subsequent apprehension of two men who finally admitted being accomplices in the numerous loan company holdups.



Patrolman Kenneth Burger, of the 36th District, whose alert action, on 20 June, in carefully interrogating a suspicious truck driver, stopped for a

routine traffic violation, resulted in the apprehension of a habitual thief, the arrest of two men for receiving stolen property, and the recovery of merchandise in excess of \$12,000 in value. While on patrol, Officer Burger observed a meat truck blocking an intersection at a traffic light. When unable to produce an operator's license or to account for his presence in the truck, the driver admitted having stolen it, confessing later to a number of previous similar thefts, and implicating two men to whom he sold the proceeds of the thefts, both of whom were subsequently arrested. Patrolman Julius Brown, of the 35th District, for his alert investigation of a case involving an assault with a knife, occurring 6 June 61. The officer, in an ef-



fort to find the assailant, toured the vicinity with the victim in his car and the victim's family in another. When a man menacingly stepped up to the car in which the victim's family were, Officer Brown ordered the man to submit to arrest. The assailant whirled and fired at the officer. In the exchange, the assailant was fatally wounded. He was later identified as the original attacker.



Patrolman Bernard Sako, of the 32nd District, whose alert response to an appeal for help by a robbery victim, on 30 May 61, led to the apprehension

of the offenders within minutes after the offense was committed. After determining the description of the two armed robbers from the victim, he relayed this information to the Communications Center, causing Plan #1 to be put into effect; and then began a search of the streets in the vicinity. Sighting two men who answered the description, he ordered them to submit to arrest. One surrendered; the other bolted and ran. Officer Sako fired at the fleeing man, wounding him in the arm. Squads in the neighborhood soon captured the wounded man as well as a male and female accomplice. The 3 males, all with previous criminal records, were sentenced for armed robbery. The female prisoner was turned over to Family Court.

Patrioman John Volatile, of Traffic Area #5, whose alert police work, on 6 June, led to the apprehension of two thieves and of a receiver of stolen prop-



erty. Upon stopping a car proceeding with improper license plates, Officer Volatile observed that, on his approach, there was a hurried attempt at concealment of an object. The driver was arrested for the traffic violation, and upon search, was found concealing a transistor radio, with a consignment ticket still attached, on his person, and cartons of similar radios in the trunk of his car. The driver, admitting the theft, implicated an accomplice as well as the receiver of the stolen goods, both of whom were later apprehended.

(end)

NAME	DISTRICT	YEARS OF SERVICE	DATE OF DEATH
Ptimn. John S. Dearham	B.1.S.	19	6-16-61
Ptimn. Leo J. Halley	D.D.A.4	13	6-9-61
Ptlmn. Raymond Hirschauer	D.D.A.1	25	7-13-61
Ptlmn. Harold H. Marvel	5	17	7-2-61
Ptimn. John J. Murphy	D.D.A.6	13	7-1-61
Lieut. Joseph J. Summers	37	23	6-18-61
Ptlmn. LaVaughn V. White	15	7	6-5-61

The following men, having reached the age of 63 in July, have retired from the force after many years of honorable service. They have the good wishes of their many friends and colleagues in the department.

NAME	DISTRICT	YEARS OF SERVICE
Ptlmn. Fred W. Bohn	41	27
Ptlmn. James J. Bracken	Pers. Div.	25
Ptlmn. Edward M. Collins	R. & Trans. Sec.	28
Sergt. Nicholas Disteldorf	B.I.S.	39
Ptimn. Marlyn G. Edwards		25
Ptlmn. John E. Fogorty	Traf. Div.	32
Ptlmn. Thomas J. Gavin	6	30
Sergt. Gerald Guinane	8	39
Ptlmn. William Kipp	Det. Serv. Sec.	28
Ptlmn. Milton T. Larson		25
Ptlmn, William Mulvihill	D.D.A.4	28
Ptlmn. Charles O'Connor	Staff	28
Sergt. Emmett Shaughnessy	19	33
Ptlmn, Reuben Skanse	1	25
Ptlmn. Edward L. Solofski	24	32
Ptlmn. Earl L. Taylor	Auto. Main.	25
Ptlmn. Thomas S. Walker		30

Digitized by ChicagoCop.com

WHILE

THE

SUPPLY

LASTS

Planning Division Chicago Police Department 1121 S. State St., Chicago 5

Please send me a copy of the following reports:

- A Proposed Plan for Crime Investigation, 10 February 1961 (A description of the reorganization of the Detective Division)
- A Review of Foot Patrol Utilization and Distribution, 10 May 1961 (A description of the walking beats and the "umbrella car" patrol)
- A Proposed Reorganization of the Youth Division, 1 July 1961 (A description of the division's recent reorganization)
- A Description of the Communications Center (A description of the Center that will be in full operation in November)
- A Proposed Plan for the Reorganization of the Records Division (A description of a reorganization that is being put into effect now)

NOTE: The administrative reports listed above have been, or soon will be, distributed to all the unit heads in the department. Additional copies of these reports, however, are on hand in the Planning Division, available upon request to all personnel in the department. To get a copy of any or all reports, just mark the coupon (your name is already on the back), and send, by department or regular mail, to the Planning Division. The Planning Division will fill orders as long as the supply lasts.



Reprinted with Permission from POLICE REVIEW Weekly Journal of the British Police

Do You Know About

Out-of-Town Communications

Are you checking on a "wanted" Illinois vehicle you have reason to believe is in another state, town, or city? Need to check out some out-of-town information for any reason? Then you should know about the point-to-point radio contact maintained by the department.

All radio communication for the Chicago Police Department which originates out of the city or is sent outside of the city is handled by this five man unit. Direct radio contact is maintained with most suburban towns and cities within a radius of 75 miles. In addition, a close working relationship with the Illinois State Police enables us to relay requests to them for distant out-of-town information, which they in turn relay to all points in the United States. Our network messages that are of interest to all law-enforcement agencies throughout the state are also published in a Daily Bulletin put out by the State Police.

So far this year, this unit has handled over 7,100 radio messages for the department, over 18,000 license registra-

over

_, 1961

Police Chaplains

(continued from page 4)

b. To attend and preside over religious ministrations of the department and its members.

c. To assist the department in inculcat-

ing principles of high moral standards and good citizenship among its members.

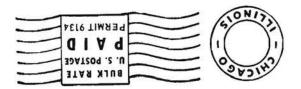
d. To interpret to the department and its members the spiritual aspect of the philosophy of police service as a moral obligation.

e. To advise the Superintendent of Police and officers of the department of the spiritual needs and problems of its individual members. Digitized by Chicago

f. To advise and inform the department of the availability of church and synagogue resources that may be useful in its work.

The Superintendent has said that the department must cater to the needs of its men as human beings — as individuals. The establishment of the chaplain program is viewed as one means of meeting this objective.

Chicago 45, III. . SVA ILEIMIN.N OED3 David H. Weber



....



Chicago 5, Illinois 7127 South State Street Chicago Police Department

Out-of-Town Radio

(continued)

tion requests, and over 27,000 checks on cars for other departments.

This operation will soon be made part of our modern communications center. It will be augmented by a teletype system which will enable the staff to get license information from the Sec. of State's office in minutes after it is requested. In the meantime, all outside communications must be cleared through the chief clerk's office, PAX 256. Any officer who has a question about the work of the unit, though, can call PAX 364 for additional information.



In the past, many men in the department have submitted their resignations, had them accepted, and then have requested that their resignations be withdrawn. If the department agreed to accept their withdrawal, the men were then placed at the head of the eligible list for appointment (or reinstatement) as patrolmen.

Under our new policies, the department no longer approves requests for the withdrawal of resignations after they have been accepted. Without such approval, officers who have resigned cannot look forward to reinstatement. This is in line with the Superintendent's belief that a man who works for the department has only one career - police work. If he wants to go into another profession, he certainly may resign without prejudice, but he cannot go into some other line of work and still keep his police job in his pocket, as it were, just in case things don't work out on the other job.

EDITOR'S TELETYPE

CONGRATULATIONS to Policewoman Frances Marie Nickmann on her appointment as Superintendent of the Illinois State Training School for Girls at Geneva. Officer Nickmann has recently been appointed to this position by Gov. Kerner — our loss, the state's gain . . . AND CONGRATULATIONS to Ptimn. Francis R. Dwyer, **#9401, Task Force,** whose son, William Francis Dwyer, won the \$250 Scherer Scholarship Award for this coming school year. The young man, a graduate of Mendel Catholic High School, will be entering Loyola University this fall. The scholarship was offered to the son or daughter of a Chicago policeman — and the Academic Selection Board had a hard time choosing the winner from among the many fine candidates. A great honor! . . . ALL Chicago policemen who have retired from active duty are now eligible to apply for work as City of Chicago Crossing Guards, at a pay rate of \$2/hr, working approximately 20 to 25 hours per week during the school term. Those interested may secure more info by writing to the Personnel Division, 1121 S. State St., or by calling WA 2-4747 ... DING, DONG BELL-Officer Frank Geib, #3366, 40th District, apprehended a youthful thief who had been looting telephone coin boxes. The offender's modus operandi was a little different than usual. He would remove entire wall telephones and place them in a Volkswagon bus; and after collecting a few telephones, drive to a garage and break into the coin boxes at his leisure, disposing of the telephones later . . . Officer Bernard Sako, #5527, 32nd District, was presented with the Citizen's Traffic Safety Board "Traffic Man of the Month Award," in the office of the Superintendent on 24 Aug. '61. Officer Sako received this citation for heroism which was reported in this column in the last issue of the Newsletter . . . FORMER police sergeant Robert C. Schmidt, who now resides in Phoenix, Arizona, has been appointed Chief of Police of nearby Goodyear, Arizona. Thought some of his friends would be interested . . . LETTERS, WE GET LETTERS — from Olson Transportation Co., Green Bay, Wisc.: "I would like to congratulate the men on your police boats. Without their splendid cooperation and efforts, our boat would have been at the bottom of Burnham Harbor." . . . Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co., Chicago: Officers Frank Quinn, #11958 and William Foley, #4008, 35th District; Dets. Kenneth Sumner, #4850, Robert Orsi, #4714, Charles Fergus, #3969 and Ray Waltzoni, #4089, all from 6th Area Burglary. "These officers performed services of an unusual nature which materially aided in the recovery of merchandise and apprehension of the thieves." ... IN THE NEAR FUTURE, a manual containing the provisions of the newly revised Criminal Code of the State of Illinois, to become effective 1 Jan. 1962, will be distributed to every member of the Chicago Police Department. This manual will detail the difference between the old law and the new. It will also provide each officer with the basic elements of proof for each crime. 10-4. igitized by ChicagoCop.com

(end)

(end)